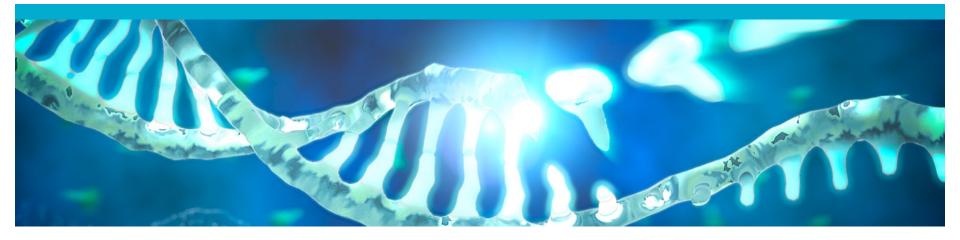


Pre-clinical bioanalytical support for the modified VEGF-A mRNA program (AZD8601)

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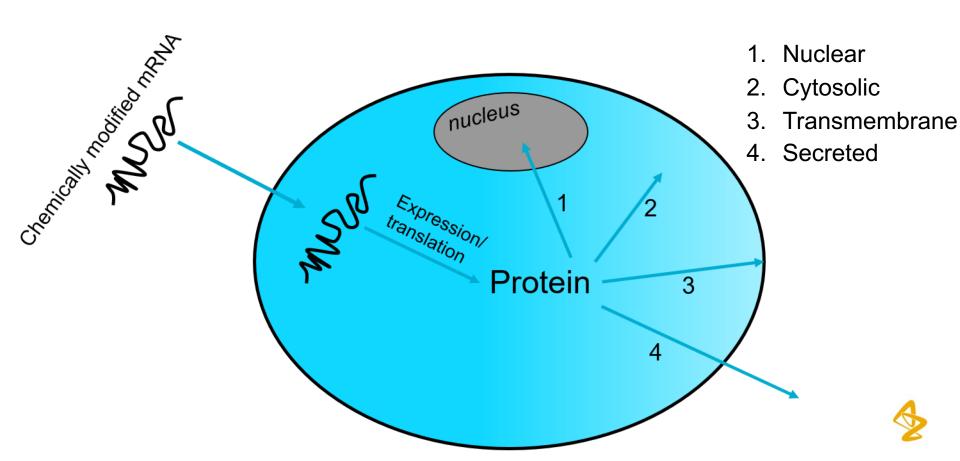


Pre clinical support for VEGF-A mRNA project (AZD8601)

- What is a mRNA drug?
- Overview of AZD8601 project
- Bioanalytical challenges
- Preclinical enabling work to support clinical program



mRNA therapeutics overview



Overview

Modified VEGF-A mRNA program (AZD8601)

Background	 Collaboration with Moderna Therapeutics Cardiovascular, Renal and Metabolism (CVRM) program The most advanced mRNA program within AZ
Target	Cardiac regeneration / wound healingIncrease blood flow and angiogenesis
Project (AZD8601)	 Chemically modified mRNA Intracardiac / intradermal injection of AZD8601 Citrate/saline solution Encodes human VEGF-A₁₆₅ protein Secreted homodimer



hVEGF-A mRNA – Pre-clinical study support

VEGF-A mRNA studies

Demonstrate protein expression in heart tissue including PK

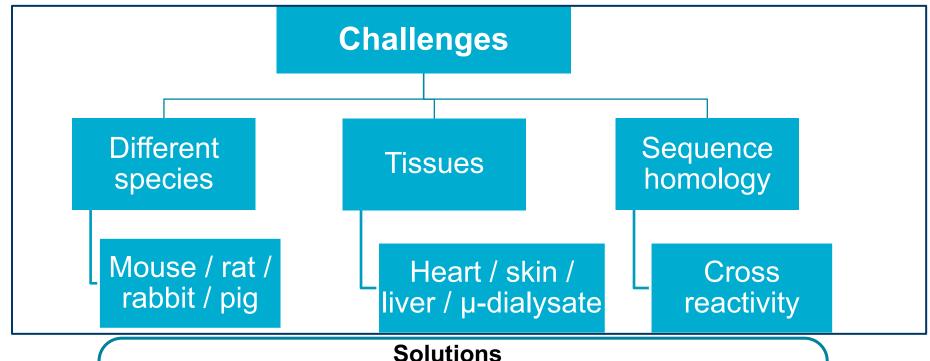
Demonstrate VEGF-A expression in skin including PK (µ-dialysis studies)

Enabling pre-clinical work

mRNA analysis



VEGF-A preclinical bioanalytical support



- Multiple assays
 - MSD-ECL, Gyrolab
- Advanced tissue processing
- Re-evaluation of assays
 - Fit for purpose assays



Intracardiac injections – heart tissue analysis

Tissues from different species

- 1 mouse = 1 piece
- 1 rat = 5 pieces
- 1 pig = 60 pieces



Processing

- "High" throughput tissue processing
- Precellys system
 - 5500 rpm
 - Stainless steel beads





VEGF-A assay for heart tissue analysis

Assay selection

- MSD VEGF-A V-plex
- Electrochemiluminescence
- Specific for human VEGF-A
 - Mouse / rat / pig
- LLOQ fit for purpose
- Singlicate analysis

Cardiac tissue processing

- Homogenise in MSD Lysis buffer
 - Protease inhibitors
- Compatible with assay
- VEGF-A stable in homogenate
 - 24h at room temperature

Adjustments

- External control
 - Rec. human VEGF-A from WHO
 - Rec. human VEGF-A from R&D



VEGF-A intracardiac sample analysis

Intracardiac injection tissue analysis

- VEGF-A expression in tissue was shown
- PK profile for VEGF-A in rat and pig heart
- Confidence and prediction for clinical studies



Continuation

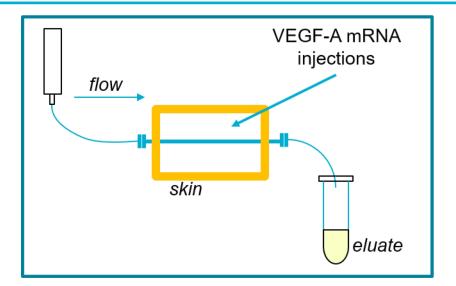
- Prepare for clinical Phase 1 studies
- µ-dialysis to be used in first studies in human
- Pre-clinical studies to support clinical study
- Test µ-dialysis probes in preclinical setting



μ-dialysis – enabling work

VEGF-A in skin μ-dialysate

- Preclinical work to support clinical program (Phase 1 studies)
- VEGF-A expression in skin after i.d. administration of mRNA
 - µ-dialysis probes
 - µ-dialysis eluate



Rabbit skin

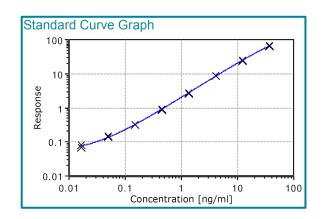
- Method development
- Proof of concept



μ-dialysis studies in rabbit – analytical approach

Assay performance with µ-dialysis eluate

Assay previously used unsuitable (interferences)



Gyrolab assay

- Develop bespoke Gyrolab assay for VEGF-A
 - Antibodies from R&D
 - Rec. protein from R&D
 - QC protein from WHO
- Diluent 9 from MSD
- 4 µL of sample (1 µL analysed)
- Fit for purpose
- LLOQ: 33.4 pg/mL

Expression in rabbit skin was succesfully shown

μ-dialysis studies in pigs

μ-dialysis in pigs

- More similar to human skin
- Three dose levels of mRNA (24, 120, 600 μg)
 - Intradermal injections
- Gyros and/or MSD VEGF-A assay
 - Adjusted buffers and dilutions
 - LLOQ: 15.6 pg/mL



Pig skin tissue processing for human VEGF-A extraction

Pig skin

- Relatively thick
- No protocols for pig skin processing for protein extraction
- Does not homogenise with standard approaches
- Small molecule extraction method not suitable

Approach

- Establish a homogenisation protocol for pig skin
- Balance between skin softening and protein stability
- Avoid formation of gelatine



Results µ-dialysis vs skin exposure

Pig skin analysis

- Similar dose dependency in μ-dialysate and pig skin (at 7.5h)
- Pig skin seems to be slightly more sensitive for demonstrating protein production



Concluding remarks

- Demonstrated VEGF-A protein expression in target tissue
- Demonstrated VEGF-A protein expression in pig skin tissue
- First in Human in January 2017
- Currently in Phase 2 in CABG patients
 - ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT03370887)





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